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CLAIMS

- 1. Device (1) for removing mercury from mercurycontaining residues (6), comprising a gastight screw conveyor (2) provided with an inlet (5) for mercurycontaining residues (6), first heating means for heating 5 admitted mercury-containing residues and causing mercury to evaporate, an outlet conduit (7) for mercury vapourcontaining gas and an outlet channel (10) for mercuryfree residues, the device (1) being provided with pump means (16) for applying an underpressure in the screw 10 conveyor (2) and discharging mercury vapour-containing gas therefrom, and with a distillation column (17) provided with cooling means (18, 19) to cause condensation of mercury vapour from the mercury vapourcontaining gas discharged with the pump means (16), characterized in that the outlet conduit (7) is provided with second heating means for heating the mercury vapour-containing gas.
 - 2. Device (1) as claimed in claim 1, <u>characterized</u> in that the inlet comprises an inlet funnel (5) provided with a gastight shut-off valve (9).
 - 3. Device (1) as claimed in claims 1-2, characterized in that the first heating means are adapted to heat the admitted residues to a temperature higher than 350°C.
- 4. Device (1) as claimed in claim 3, <u>characterized</u> in that the first heating means are adapted to heat the admitted residues to a temperature higher than 550°C.
- 5. Device (1) as claimed in any of the claims 1-4, characterized in that the outlet channel (10) for mercury-free residues comprises an outlet sluice (14) provided with two gastight shut-off valves (12,13).

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- 6. Device (1) as claimed in any of the claims 1-5, characterized in that the outlet conduit (7) comprises a dust filter (8).
- 7. Device (1) as claimed in any of the claims 1-6,
 5 <u>characterized in that</u> it is provided with air inlet
 means (21) and control means for admitting air for the
 purpose of receiving therein and discharging mercury
 vapour.
- 8. Device (1) as claimed in any of the claims 1-7,

 10 <u>characterized in that</u> the pump means (16) are provided with third heating means for heating the mercury vapour-containing gas.
 - 9. Device (1) as claimed in claims 7 and 8, characterized in that the second and third heating means are adapted to maintain the temperature of the mercury vapour-containing gas at a value of at least 180°C.
 - 10. Device (1) as claimed in any of the claims 1-9, characterized in that the cooling means (19) are adapted to cool the mercury vapour-containing gas to a temperature at least lower than minus 30°C.
 - 11. Method for removing mercury from mercury-containing residues (6) with a device (1) as claimed in claim 1, comprising the steps of
- (i) admitting mercury-containing residues (6) into 25 a gastight screw conveyor (2),
 - (ii) heating the admitted mercury-containing residues and causing mercury to evaporate,
 - (iii) applying an underpressure in the screw conveyor (2) and discharging and heating mercury vapourcontaining gas therefrom,
 - (iv) causing mercury vapour to condense from the mercury vapour-containing gas discharged with the pump means (16), and
 - (v) collecting mercury in condensed state.

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- 12. Method as claimed in claim 11, <u>characterized in that</u> the residues are heated in step (ii) to a temperature of 560°C.
- 13. Method as claimed in any of the claims 11-12, characterized in that the underpressure to be applied in step (iii) amounts to 750 mbar.
- 14. Method as claimed in any of the claims 11-13, characterized in that the mercury vapour-containing gas to be discharged in step (iii) is guided into a heated conduit (7) in which this gas is held at a temperature of at least 180°C.
 - 15. Method as claimed in any of the claims 11-14, characterized in that the mercury vapour-containing gas to be discharged in step (iv) is guided into a distillation column (17)
- 15 distillation column (17) which is at least partially cooled to a temperature of minus 38°C.
- 16. Method as claimed in any of the claims 11-15, characterized in that while maintaining the underpressure to be applied in step (iii) air is admitted into the device (1) in order to entrain mercury vapour.